

NO. 148.

WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, MARCH 4, 1907.

SPOONER RESIGNS  
SEAT IN SENATEAnnounces Retirement in  
Letter to Gov. Davidson.

WILL RESUME PRACTICE

Denies Emphatically That He  
Will Go On Supreme Bench.News Comes as Complete Surprise.  
Numerous Candidates for Vacancy.  
Resignation Clears Wisconsin Situation—La Follette, Surprised, Is  
Noncommittal—The President Pays  
Tribute to Retiring Senator.Senator Spooner startled some of his  
colleagues about noon yesterday by quietly  
informing them that he had tendered to  
Gov. J. O. Davidson, of Wisconsin, his  
resignation as a Senator from that State,  
effective May 1, 1907. Later, his letter to  
the governor was given to the press, and  
the news came at once the principal  
topic of conversation at the Capitol,  
where both Houses were in session, and  
in official circles generally.Senator Spooner, on retiring from public  
life, will devote himself to the practice  
of his profession. Shortly after the an-  
nouncement of his resignation a story be-  
came current that he had taken the step  
with a view to later accepting a place on  
the bench of the Supreme Court of the  
United States, but he characterized the  
report as baseless and absurd.In explaining his surprising action to  
his friends, Mr. Spooner said that reasons  
of a private and business character had  
made advisable his resignation from the  
Senate and the resumption of the practice  
of his profession. It is understood that  
he has had under consideration for many  
months several exceedingly flattering offers  
to practice law. His rank as a  
lawyer has been beyond all question for  
years, and he has been continually in de-  
mand to take charge of important litigation  
in which, if he had chosen to under-  
take it, his pre-eminent talents would  
have won for him the highest rewards to  
be had at the American bar.Mr. Spooner has, however, abstained  
from entering on active practice of the  
law while he has been in the Senate, and  
only in a few instances has he accepted  
retainers.

The Formal Announcement.

Senator Spooner's letter tendering his  
resignation is as follows:  
Washington, D. C., March 2, 1907.  
The Hon. James O. Davidson, Governor,  
Madison, Wis.Sir: I hereby resign the office of Senator  
of the United States from the State of  
Wisconsin, this resignation to take  
effect on the first day of May, 1907.Both by law and custom the foregoing  
formula suffices, but I cannot bring my-  
self to surrender the trust with which  
Wisconsin has long and so highly hon-  
ored me by a curt sentence, which in-  
cludes no word either of explanation or  
of gratitude.On the 4th day of March instant I  
shall have served all my years as a  
Senator. This is a long time for one,  
neither willing nor financially able per-  
manently to abandon it, to take from his  
profession. It has been taken from mine,  
for I have not the right to compete with  
the full and uninterrupted discharge of  
public duty to pursue it, and I have,  
therefore, during my service, with two  
or three trifling exceptions, purely local,  
absolutely abstained therefrom.

Move Long in Mind.

For years private duty has plainly de-  
manded of me an early return to the  
practice of my profession, and I have  
never since I last took the oath of office  
wavered in the determination to retire  
from public life on the expiration of my  
present term, March 3, 1907. I might well  
content myself with a public declaration  
of my purpose so to retire if it were not  
for a declaration made on a former and  
similar occasion, and which followed  
it. In the year 1890 I announced through  
the press, over my signature, to the Re-  
publicans of Wisconsin that I had "un-  
alterably determined" to retire from public  
life at the expiration of the term  
ending March 3, 1907, unless I should  
deem it my duty to resign  
at an earlier date. I justified the an-  
nouncement so long in advance upon the  
ground that the people, and those who  
might aspire to the office, were entitled  
seasonably to know from me that I would  
not accept a re-election. Despite that  
declaration, circumstances, with which  
the people of the State are familiar, and  
which, therefore, need not be here re-  
counted, seemed to make it my duty to  
accept a re-election, proffered as it was  
in a manner which rendered it at once  
a command and a favor. Honor, which  
which I have ever held in high esteem,  
to me; one, indeed, which ought to satisfy  
the pride and ambition of any man. A  
similar declaration by me at this time,  
however strongly phrased (and it would  
not be more strongly phrased), would, I  
am persuaded, prove unavailing to with-  
draw my name from consideration during  
the next two years as did that which I  
so publicly and unreservedly made in 1890.  
As my purpose to retire from public life  
is and has been irrevocable, I am unwill-  
ing to be further considered in connection  
with an office which I could not in the  
circumstances accept.

In Brief Recall.

A Senator will be chosen for the term  
beginning on the 4th of March, 1907, and  
there will be, and should be, during the  
next two years grave and wide considera-  
tion among the people as to the person  
upon whom the honor shall be bestowed.  
After much thought, I deem it to be my  
duty, all things considered, to the people  
of the State and to the party, to whose  
partiality I am indebted for the highest  
honors within gift, to take myself now,  
beyond recall, from the field of possible  
choice. I am, therefore, impelled, not  
only for the reasons suggested, but also  
that I may be free to devote to the dis-  
charge of private duty, the remainder of  
my term, to resign the office at this time,  
while the legislature is in session to choose a Senator for the  
unexpired portion thereof.I avail myself of this opportunity to  
say, albeit I am sure it is not needful,  
that I am inexpressibly grateful to the  
Republicans of Wisconsin for the gener-  
ous and abiding confidence which has led  
them three times to elect me to the high  
office of Senator of the United States.I have the honor to be,  
Yours respectfully,  
JOHN C. SPOONER.

Denies Supreme Court Story.

When asked about the report that he  
had resigned to accept an appointment to  
the Supreme Court, Mr. Spooner said:

CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.

J. H. Small & Sons, Florists,  
Washington and New York.PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S  
TRIBUTE TO SPOONERI cannot sufficiently express my re-  
gret at Senator Spooner's resignation.  
We lose one of the ablest, most efficient,  
most fearless, and most upright public  
servants that the nation has.Four years ago I knew the extreme  
reluctance with which Senator Spooner  
finally consented to serve in the Senate;  
and year by year since I have  
feared that he would resign, as he  
finally has resigned, for I have known  
that every year of his stay in public  
life has been to him a direct financial  
loss which he could not ill afford.I understand fully the Senator's feel-  
ing that he cannot longer stay in the  
public service at such cost, not only to  
himself, but to his family; and much  
though I regret his resignation, I am  
most sincerely grateful that he has  
been willing to serve as long.He has been in his life a gallant  
soldier, a trained public servant of the  
highest standard of ability and faith-  
fulness, and at all times an American  
citizen who did his whole duty.ARCHIE ROOSEVELT  
ILL OF DIPHTHERIASuffering from Virulent Type  
of the Disease.

## QUARANTINE SICK ROOM

Invalid Is Isolated in the South-  
east Part of Mansion.No Anxiety Felt for the President, as  
He Has Not Seen His Son for Several  
Days—Boy Was Stricken Friday,  
but Case Was Not Diagnosed  
Until Saturday—Will Not Interfere  
with Work at Executive Office.Archie Roosevelt, the President's third  
son, is ill with diphtheria, and the White  
House is in quarantine. In an official  
statement issued from the President's  
office yesterday announcing the fact, it  
was said:"He seems to be doing well. He is  
isolated in the southeast room of the  
White House, and strict quarantine is be-  
ing observed."  
The case is of a rather severe and viru-  
lent type, and first made its appearance  
on Friday last, when Archie took to his  
bed and a physician was called. Diphtheria  
was suspected from the first, but the case  
was not diagnosed for a certainty until  
Saturday. The matter was kept quiet  
until yesterday, when the official bulletin  
was issued from Secretary Loomis's office,  
with the additional information that the  
presence of contagious disease in a re-  
mote corner of the White House would  
not interfere with the transaction of  
business in the President's office.The quarters used by the President and  
the clerical force connected with the  
White House are in a small building  
located between the Mansion and the  
State, War and Navy Building, and con-  
nected with the former by a long terrace,  
in which the laundry is situated.

Only One Room Quarantined.

It was announced that only the single  
room occupied by the young patient would  
be quarantined, no further precaution  
against a spread of the disease being  
considered necessary. In some cases the  
health officer quarantines a whole house  
when diphtheria, scarlet fever, or any  
other contagious disease appears, but in  
this case it was explained that in a house as large  
as the White House it is unnecessary to  
place a quarantine over the whole build-  
ing.No anxiety for the President is ex-  
pressed at the White House, the belief  
being that he has had an opportunity  
to contract the disease. It is not quite  
clear just when Mr. Roosevelt last saw  
Archie, but it was said that it was at  
least three or four days since they had  
seen each other, and it appears that  
Archie has been ill for several days,  
and that all last week he complained  
of not feeling well. It was thought at  
first that he was suffering from a light  
attack of grip.The President, at any rate, is not con-  
cerned for his own health, and he went  
out horseback riding as usual yesterday  
afternoon. Other members of the family  
remained within doors, although servants  
were coming and going as usual. The  
room in which the sick boy is lying is  
in the extreme southeast corner of the  
White House, on the second floor, where  
the apartments are strictly private and  
are never entered by any except the im-  
mediate friends or acquaintances of the  
President's family.

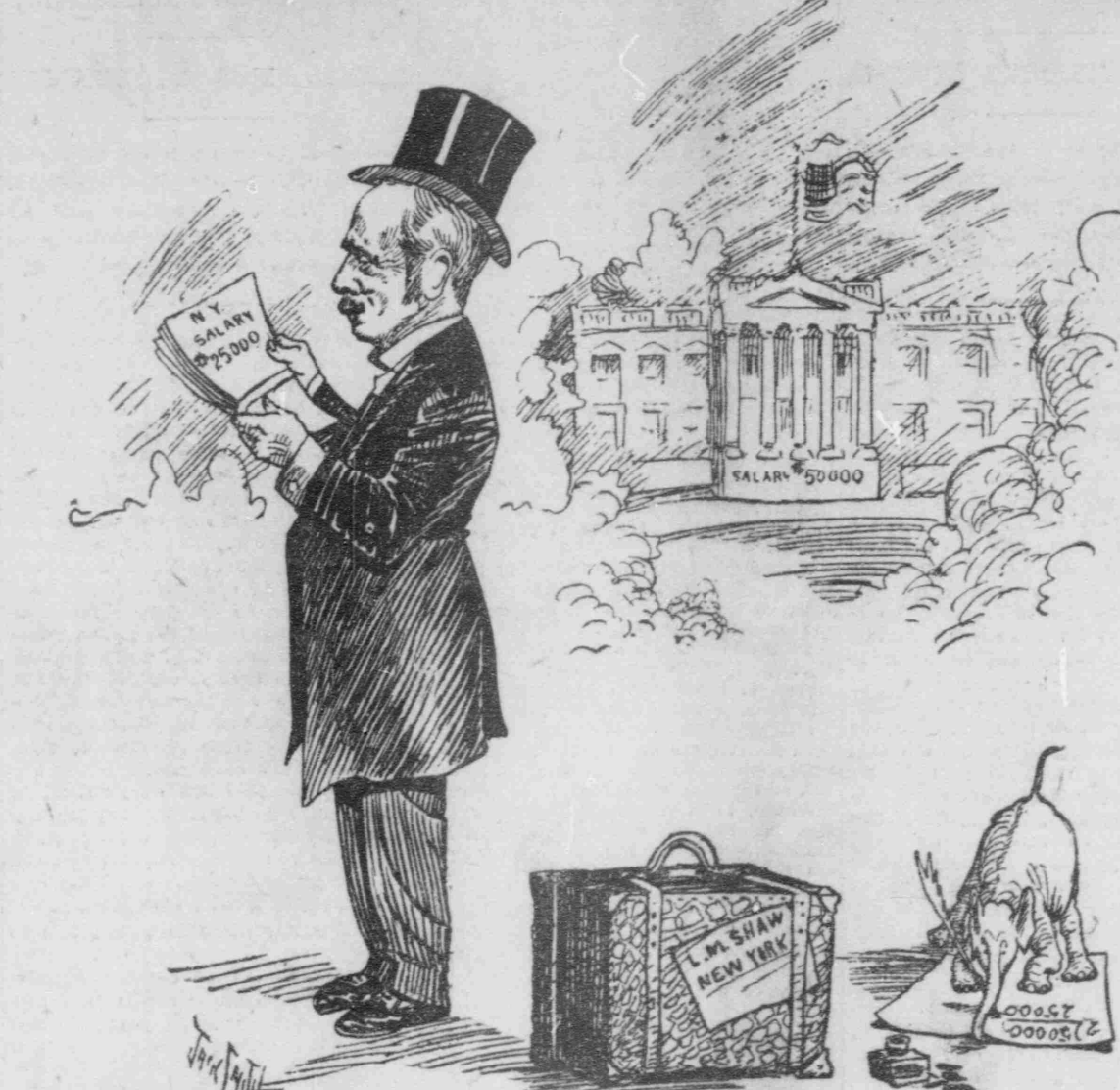
In the Old "War Room."

Archie's sick room was, before the re-  
modeling of the White House in 1902, used  
as the telegraph office, and was famous  
all over the country as the "war room"  
during the conflict between the United  
States and Spain. Nearly all the rooms  
in the White House are separated from  
each other by solid brick walls, and it is  
expected that visitors will be received  
on the first floor of the mansion as usual  
during the present week.Archie Roosevelt attends the Friends  
School in Washington. No other  
cases have appeared in the school, as far  
as can be learned. The sick boy is being  
attended by Surgeon General Rixey, of  
the navy, the President's physician.  
The White House was quarantined only  
once before. That was in the winter of  
1902-03, when Martha Harrison, Presi-  
dent Harrison's granddaughter, was ill  
with diphtheria. A very strict quaran-  
tine was then maintained. At that time  
the President's offices were in the White  
House proper, on the same floor with  
the bedrooms, and as a precautionary  
measure no general callers were received  
by President Harrison. The Christmas  
of 1902 was a very gloomy occasion in  
the big mansion.

Machine Shop Damaged by Fire.

Cumberland, Md., March 2.—The machine  
shop of the Dry Dock Railway was burned  
last night, the cause of the fire being at  
present unknown. The building was dam-  
aged to the extent of about \$20,000, a part  
of which is covered by insurance.

VESTIBULE TRAINS FOR THE WEST

via Chesapeake and Ohio Ry.  
C. & O. Limited 4:30 p. m. and F. P. V.  
Limited 11:30 p. m. for Cincinnati, Indian-  
apolis, St. Louis, Chicago, Louisville, and  
points West and Southwest. Pullman  
sleepers and a la carte dining cars.

## BESIEGE VAN DUZER

Creditors Harass Congress-  
man at the Capitol.

## A SETTLEMENT IS EFFECTED

Detectives Press Claims Against  
Representative When He Appears  
to Draw His Mileage—Unfortunate  
Mining Deals Ascribed as Cause  
for His Financial Embarrassment.Representative Clarence D. Van Duzer,  
of Nevada, the lone Democrat elected to  
the Fifty-ninth Congress west of the  
Missouri River, had an unhappy  
experience when he reached Washington  
yesterday, after an absence of more than a  
year.Persistent rumors were afloat about the  
Capitol that Mr. Van Duzer had been ar-  
rested here for an alleged fraudulent  
transaction in connection with his mil-  
age. These rumors, however, proved to be  
unfounded.It appears that Mr. Van Duzer, who  
has not attended a session of the House  
since a year ago last December, on his  
arrival in Washington went direct to the  
Capitol, reaching there as the roll was  
being called to determine the presence  
of a quorum before the day's business  
was begun.He answered to his name and then  
went downstairs to the office of the dis-  
bursing clerk, where he applied for the  
warrant for his mileage, which amounts  
to something like \$800. This was turned  
over to him, and according to the state-  
ment made by various employees of the  
House, he was immediately approached  
by three men, who claimed to be Pinker-  
ton detectives.

## Plends His Immunity.

It is said that they sought to intimidate  
him because of certain claims against  
him in New York and Pittsburgh, but they  
were without warrant or authority to  
arrest him. It is said that Mr. Van  
Duzer pleaded his constitutional immunity  
as a Representative in Congress  
while going and coming from the Capitol.What the result of the conference of  
the detectives with Mr. Van Duzer was  
it has not been possible to learn. It has  
been repeatedly rumored that Mr. Van  
Duzer, who some time ago sold out his  
salary, had given an order for his mil-  
age to one of his creditors, but this could  
not be confirmed, and Col. Casson, the  
Sergeant-at-Arms, said that no one except  
Mr. Van Duzer had put in a claim for his  
mileage.After leaving the Capitol, Mr. Van  
Duzer went to the office of George Jesse,  
an attorney, where he was trailed by a  
representative of one of his creditors.  
Van Duzer acknowledged the debt, and  
declared that he had no intention of de-  
frauding the party, but that he had been  
in financial distress and unable to meet  
the obligation. A settlement was arranged  
whereby the claim was to be liquidated out  
of the mileage warrant when it is paid.Unfortunately mining speculations are  
said to have ruined a career for Van  
Duzer, which gave much promise of suc-  
cess. His first came to Washington about  
twelve years ago as secretary to Gen.  
Newlands, then Representative from Ne-  
vada. He studied law, graduating at the  
Georgetown Law School, and when Mr.  
Newlands was elected to the Senate Van  
Duzer succeeded him in the House. He  
was the first native of Nevada which the  
State had ever sent to Congress, and the  
mining, with whom he was very popular,  
were proud of him.

Made Good Record.

Previously he had been elected to the  
State legislature and was speaker of the  
lower house. During his first term in the  
House he made a good record and  
achieved much success. So strong was  
his hold upon the miners of the Sage-  
brush State, for he had worked in the  
mines himself, that two years ago, de-  
spite the fact that Roosevelt carried  
Nevada by a large majority proportion-  
ately than any other State in the Union,  
Van Duzer defeated his Republican op-  
ponent, being the only Democrat elected  
from west of the Missouri River.His reputation in Congress enabled him  
to dispose of much mining stock in com-  
panies in which he was interested, but  
these transactions resulted disastrously.  
Washington Art Galleries Closing OutSale to settle the partnership continues  
today at 11 a. m. and 3 p. m. when some  
of the most valuable pieces will be sold.  
Brown & Tolson, Auctioneers.

Through Sleeping Car to Cleveland

On the "Chicago Limited," via Pennsylva-  
nia Railroad, leaving Washington at 5:45  
p. m. No extra fare. Other good trains  
to Cleveland, Toledo, and Detroit.

Through Sleeping Car to St. Louis

Via Pennsylvania Railroad, leaves Wash-  
ington at 3:40 p. m. Other desirable and  
convenient trains to St. Louis, Indianapo-  
lis, Louisville, and Cincinnati. Consult  
E. M. Newbold, P. A., S. E. D., 15th and G.

## WEATHER FORECAST.

For the District of Columbia,  
Maryland, and Virginia—Fair  
to-day and to-morrow; slightly  
warmer to-morrow; light to fresh  
northwest to north winds.

## HERALD NEWS SUMMARY.

Pages. TELEGRAPHIC.  
1—American Flag Pulled Down.  
1—Developments in Eddy Case.  
1—Cardinal Scores Sensationalism.  
3—Acquittal in Strother Case Expected.  
2—Gowin Smith Opposes New Spelling.  
2—More Aliens to Testify for Thaw.CONGRESS.  
4—Subsidy Bill Passed.  
4—Park Measure Lost.  
4—Work All Cleared Up.  
5—Senator Bailey Returns.LOCAL.  
1—Archie Roosevelt Has Diphtheria.  
1—Creditors Besiege Congressman.  
2—Fire Does \$25,000 Damage.  
2—Millionaire Stokes Lectures.  
4—Emmett's Birthday Celebrated.  
4—Three Cabinet Changes To-day.  
12—Socialism Utopian, Says Dr. Stafford.  
12—Anti-Suicide Bureau for Washington.S. J. Block, a real estate broker and  
notary public, with offices at 600 F street  
northwest, when seen in reference to his  
interest in the matter of claims against  
Representative Van Duzer, said last night  
that he represented certain parties who  
had requested him to make collection of  
a certain note which Mr. Van Duzer had  
indorsed. Mr. Block further stated that  
the transaction was a usual commercial  
transaction; that there was nothing about  
it to suggest anything that was not  
proper, and that arrangements had been  
made with Mr. Van Duzer for a settle-  
ment.Mr. Block insisted that so far as he  
was concerned he entertained absolutely  
no misgivings about Mr. Van Duzer's  
actions or intentions in the matter; that  
his client's interests had been taken care  
of to his entire satisfaction.

Giant Liner Dakota Ashore.

Passengers and Crew Landed When  
Vessel Strikes in Tokyo Bay.Tokyo, March 3.—The Dakota, the great  
Northern Steamship Company's plant  
liner, is ashore in Tokyo Bay. All on  
board are reported safe, and it is be-  
lieved that crew and passengers will be  
gotten off without difficulty.The Dakota, the biggest cargo-carrier  
and the second largest steamship in the  
world at the time of her launching in  
1902, was built at the Eastern Shipbuilding  
Company's yards, at New London. She  
was built for the Hill line and proceeded  
to the Pacific soon after her launching.  
She and her sister ship, the Minnesota,  
built at the same yards the same year,  
are said to be the strongest liners in the  
world. The Dakota has cargo capacity  
for 28,000 tons dead weight. She has ac-  
commodations for 2,200 passengers. Her  
dimensions are: Length, 625 feet; breadth,  
75 feet; molded depth, 38 feet. She is a  
14-knot boat in good weather.

GIVES MILLIONS TO ART.

Mrs. Hannah A. Currier Will Leave  
Her Fortune to City.Manchester, N. H., March 3.—Mrs. Han-  
nah A. Currier is to give her entire for-  
tune of \$1,000,000 for the establishment of  
a gallery of art in this city at her death.  
The estate will be left to trustees who  
has already appointed. With this large  
sum of money to be expended it is ex-  
pected that the gallery will be the first  
in New England, and will compare favor-  
ably with the most extensive and elab-  
orate in the United States.Mrs. Currier is now nearly eighty years  
old, and although in apparent health, she  
has mapped out the plans that she intends  
shall be carried out after her death.

FOUR EXPLOSION VICTIMS DIE.

Not Believed That Any Remains in  
the Wrecked Mine.Scranton, March 3.—Four of the men at  
the Taylor Hospital who were frightfully  
hurt by the gas explosion in the Clark  
vein of the Holden Mine yesterday died  
in that institution to-day. They were the  
aged miner, Williams, and three of the  
Slavish workmen.During the day of the night and well into  
the day a search was continued through  
the gateway of the Clark vein for some  
of the men who are reported still in the  
mine. None could be located, so the mine  
officials reported that all of them reached  
the surface.

"CHICAGO LIMITED"

Through Sleeping Car  
Washington to Chicago, via Pennsylvania  
Railroad. Leaves Washington 5:45 p. m.,  
arrives Chicago 4 p. m. next day. No ex-  
tra fare. Another through sleeping car at  
7:30 p. m.

Through Sleeping Car to St. Louis

Via Pennsylvania Railroad, leaves Wash-  
ington at 3:40 p. m. Other desirable and  
convenient trains to St. Louis, Indianapo-  
lis, Louisville, and Cincinnati. Consult  
E. M. Newbold, P. A., S. E. D., 15th and G.

## GERMANY'S NAVY USELESS.

Count Reventlow Says Many Battle  
Ships Are Floating Coffins.London, March 3.—The Berlin corre-  
spondent of the Express says that Ger-  
many dare not even think of fighting a  
naval war before 1920. This, he adds,  
is the verdict of the great German naval  
expert, Count Reventlow, on the country's  
much-vaunted fleet. Count Reventlow has  
nothing but praise for the officers and  
men of the German navy, but he con-  
demns many of the battle ships as un-  
seaworthy and obsolete.Seventeen German battle ships, which  
figure so favorably in the German naval  
lists, are floating coffins, the use  
of which in war would only mean the  
sacrifice of their gallant crews. Count  
Reventlow gives the names of the seven-  
teen ships which he includes in this class  
of floating coffins.He points out that the construction of  
new and more efficient battle ships is  
proceeding so slowly that thirteen years  
will pass before Germany can even con-  
template the possibility of a naval war with  
equanimity.The ships which Count Reventlow con-  
demns are eight coast defense vessels,  
four ships of the Sackeborn class, and the  
ships of the Oldenburg and Brandenburg  
classes. One Dreadnought, he declared,  
could face all these simultaneously and  
put them out of action without great  
difficulty.PUBLICITY STOPS  
EDDY COMPROMISEMessenger with Proposition  
to Glover Recalled.

## TALK OF BIG TRUST FUND

Woman Had Set Aside Over  
\$150,000 for Relatives.Opposing Counsel in Suit to Meet at  
Concord To-day—Mrs. Eddy's Per-  
sonal Attorney Declines to Arrange  
Interview Between Head of the  
Church and Newspaper Corre-  
spondents—Signs Her Own Checks.Concord, N. H., March 3.—That George  
W. Glover, the only son of Mrs. Mary  
Baker Eddy, would have been with his  
children the beneficiary under a large  
trust fund established by his mother had  
it not been for the publicity given to the  
court proceedings on Friday night, is as-  
serted here.Neither Mrs. Eddy's counsel, nor any  
one connected with Pleasant View, will  
admit that such a trust has been ex-  
ecuted, and would have become operative  
but for the annulment which necessarily  
follows the bringing of equity proceedings.

Intimated in Official Statement.

However, in an official statement given  
to the press at 8 o'clock this evening, Mrs.  
Eddy's personal counsel, Gen. Frank S.  
Streeter, says:"None of the defendants named, except  
Mr. Frye, have any connection with the  
management of her (Mrs. Eddy's) prop-  
erty, or investments or have any knowl-  
edge whatever in reference thereto, nor  
have any of the said defendants ever  
received any property of Mrs. Eddy's,  
which they hold in trust or otherwise,  
except in one instance, for the benefit of  
her relatives."

Believed Trust Was for \$150,000.

This "one instance" is believed to refer  
to the trust of from \$150,000 to \$200,000  
which has been executed within the past  
week, and of which George W. Glover  
would have been informed, had not the  
publicity of equity proceedings changed  
the plans made at Pleasant View.It is believed on good authority that an  
attempt was made within an hour or  
the sending out of the first dispatches on  
the equity proceedings to have publicity sus-  
pended until the trust proposition could be  
submitted to Mr. Glover.

Was Intended as Compromise.

It is understood that the income of the  
trust fund was to be settled upon Mr.  
Glover upon certain conditions. These  
conditions were that he agree, with the  
other heirs benefited by the trust, not to  
contest Mrs. Eddy's will or question the le-  
gality of any settlement or gift which  
Mrs. Eddy might choose to bestow or con-  
vey in any manner during her lifetime.Rev. Irving C. Tomlinson, former first  
rector of the local church, and at one  
time an assistant to Mr. Frye, at Pleasant  
View, was commissioned as emissary  
to convey the facts concerning the pro-  
posed trust to Mr. Glover, and he started  
on that mission from this city at 5 o'clock  
Friday afternoon, or as soon as Gen.  
Streeter had received notice that Glover's  
counsel that a bill in equity had been  
filed.

Publicity Stops Overtures.

Rev. Tomlinson started for Washington,  
but got no farther than Boston, when he  
was recalled, as it was evident that pub-  
licizing of the facts so they could not be  
recalled had put a question on any propo-  
sition for a compromise through the  
executive of the trust, which otherwise  
might have been effected.As to the next steps to be taken by the  
defendants, and other matters connected  
with the case Gen. Streeter, at 8 o'clock  
to-night, gave out the following state-  
ment:"Early Saturday morning I sent to Mrs.  
Eddy a copy of the bill in equity, as pub-  
lished, but not yet served upon any of the  
defendants so far as I am informed. I  
have since had a long personal conference  
with her, at which this proceeding and  
matters connected therewith were fully  
discussed."

Thinks Son Is Being Used by Others.

"In common with many friends, she  
believes that the initiative in the pro-  
ceedings was not taken by her son or  
other relatives, but by others, who, in a  
markedly unusual manner and by un-  
unique methods, are undertaking, under  
the guise of court proceedings, to con-  
tinue the persecution begun some time  
ago.""From my conference with her at this  
time and on other recent occasions, I am  
able to speak definitely and positively  
her clearness of mind and resolution of  
purpose have been in no respect impaired  
by her advanced years. Her capacity to  
think clearly and to deal accurately and  
continuously on third page.

THROUGH CHICAGO SLEEPER.

C. & O. Limited, 4:30 P. M.  
Account adjustment of Congress,  
through sleeper will be made for all trans-  
it on C. & O. Limited, leaving Wash-  
ington 1:30 p. m., March 2 to 6 inclusive.CARDINAL PLEADS  
FOR CLEAN NEWSMgr. Gibbons Scores Inde-  
cent Journalism.

## IS RUINOUS TO YOUTHS

Gives Them Their First Lesson  
in Human Depravity.Eminent Catholic Prelate, in Sermon  
at Baltimore, Scores Newspapers  
That Print Licentious Scandals and  
Immoral Patent Medicine Adver-  
tisements—Says Nothing Works  
Greater Mischief in a Community.Baltimore, March 3.—Cardinal Gibbons,  
in his sermon at the Cathedral to-day,  
attacked the "unclean press."  
He said:"Ridgely exclude from your household  
all books and pamphlets which are hos-  
tile to religion and good morals. Never  
admit into your homes any newspapers or  
periodicals which ventilate obscene news  
and licentious scandals.""There is one kind of literature in which  
we all indulge, and of which we partake  
as regularly and with as much relish as  
our daily bread, without which life would  
be dull and tedious—a literature which  
has become almost a necessity of our daily  
life. I refer to the daily newspaper. Now,  
there are good and bad newspapers, as  
there are clean and unclean animals."Sensational Papers Lure to Hell.  
"No kind of literature works more mis-  
chief in a community than sensational jour-  
nals. They contain not only news mat-  
ter, but also advertisements of a most ob-  
jectionable character.""They have sensational items which are  
a snare and a stumbling block to the in-  
nocent and unwary. Many a youth of  
both sexes has learned from this impure  
fountain their first lessons in the dark  
mysteries of human depravity. Oh, how  
easy it is to taint the pure fount of  
youth and who shall blot the sullied  
soul of innocence!"

Immoral Advertisements.

"Advertisements which paint in glow-  
ing colors the attractive features of  
dangerous haunts of amusements. Ad-  
vertisements of patent medicine and  
other drugs whose object is to defeat the  
incorruptible laws of nature and of na-  
ture's God. What a terrible responsibility  
those publishers assume who admit into  
their paper such insidious poison. For  
every soul perverted they have a strict  
account to render to God and to society.""As an offset to these depraved journals  
I have known the proprietor of an upright  
paper of this State who refused an offer  
of \$10,000 rather than admit into the col-  
umns of his paper an advertisement sug-  
gestive of immorality, though its inde-  
cency was thinly veiled by ambiguous  
phrases. Would to God that all news-  
paper owners had emulated this noble  
example."

Simply Seasoned Novels.

"You would not permit a vial of poison  
to remain on your mantelpiece, lest it  
might inadvertently fall into the hands  
of some members of your household. And  
will you allow to lie on your table an  
unclean journal which would instill poison  
into the soul?"